

# MOL GROUP

## SUSTAINABILITY CASE STUDY

**PROJECT NAME:** CO<sub>2</sub> EOR Project Croatia

**LOCATION:** INA E&P

**DURATION:** 2014 - 2039

**TOTAL INVESTMENT:** HRK 520 mil. (first phase of the Project)

**OUTCOME:** Enhanced recovery for 6 % compared to stored oil, prior to production (OOIP); additional production of 360.4 t of oil and 55,120 m<sup>3</sup> of gas; reduced CO<sub>2</sub> emissions permanent disposal of 2.9 billion m<sup>3</sup> CO<sub>2</sub> or 5.4 million tonnes of CO<sub>2</sub>

### PROJECT DESCRIPTION

#### 1) PROJECT HISTORY

Production of residual hydrocarbons can be done by different tertiary recovery methods. A method largely applied on depleted oil reservoirs is injection of carbon dioxide, called EOR (Enhanced Oil Recovery).

Assessment of possibility of CO<sub>2</sub> injection into Croatian oil fields was carried out during last decades of the 20<sup>th</sup> century. Examination results singled out the most appropriate fields for applying the method.

Extensive laboratory research determined thermodynamic interaction of the injected CO<sub>2</sub> and reservoir fluid and thus confirmed the effectiveness of the process of oil displacement. The best increase in oil recovery was achieved by alternating water injection and gas (abbr. WAG). Plan is to perform 6 WAG cycles during next 25 years.

During 2001 - 2006, on limited part of the Upper Miocene sandstone oil reservoir of the Ivanić Field, a pilot project of alternating water and CO<sub>2</sub> injection was performed. In the scope of the pilot, which used one injection and two production wells, oil and gas recovery was significantly increased, which justified preparation of the EOR project on the Fields Ivanić and Žutica. The injection of CO<sub>2</sub> in Ivanić oilfield started in October 2014 and northern part of Žutica oilfields in October 2015. Figure 1. shows a typical injection well on Ivanić oilfield.

Figure 1. injection WAG wells on Ivanić oilfield



## 2) PROJECT BACKGROUND

The EOR project considers dehydration, compression and transmitting of 600,000 m<sup>3</sup>/day of CO<sub>2</sub> by gas pipeline (20 in.). The source of CO<sub>2</sub> is at the Gas Processing Facilities Molve from where, after compression and dehydration CO<sub>2</sub> is transported (in gaseous state) by an 88 km long pipeline to the Fractionation Facilities of Ivanić Grad. After its compression and liquefaction, CO<sub>2</sub> is further transported by pipeline at maximum pressure (200 bar) from the Fractionation Facilities of Ivanić Grad to the injection wells of the fields Ivanić and Žutica, in quantities of 600,000 m<sup>3</sup>/day.

Figure 2. presents the scheme of the EOR project. Figure 3. shows the new compressor station for CO<sub>2</sub> on GPF Molve.

Figure 2. Scheme of EOR project

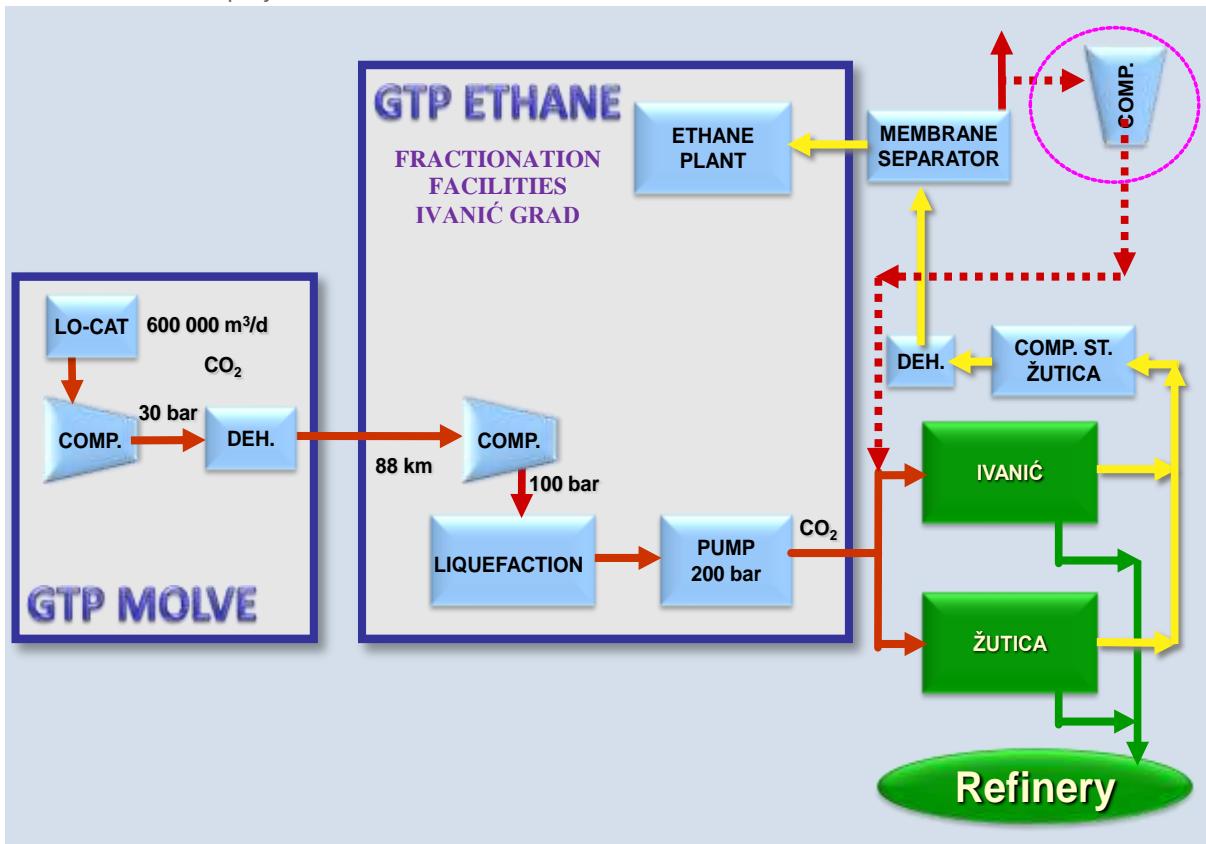


Figure 3. CO<sub>2</sub> Compressor station on GPF Molve



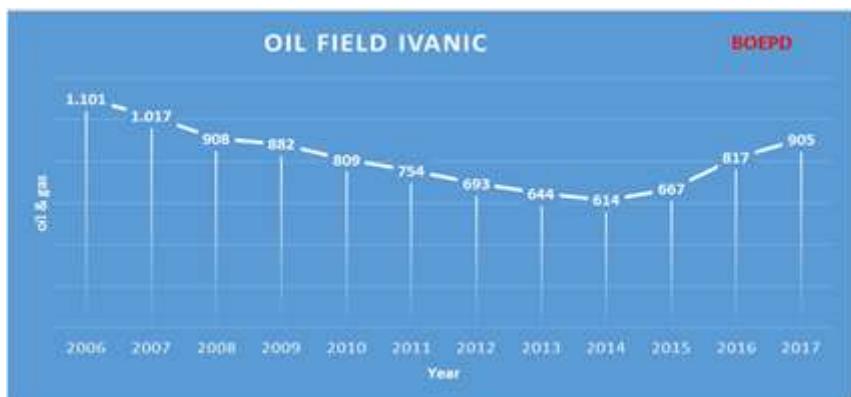
The importance of the project is manifested through increasing economic value of the fields Ivanić and Žutica, by enhancing hydrocarbon recovery for 6 % compared to OOIP; i.e. additional production of 360.4 tonnes of oil and 55,120 m<sup>3</sup> of gas. On the other hand, by application of the EOR project CO<sub>2</sub> emissions will be significantly reduced (permanent disposal of 2.9 billion m<sup>3</sup> CO<sub>2</sub> or 5.4 million tonnes of CO<sub>2</sub>), representing a special environmental value of the project.

## PROJECT RESULTS

### 3) MAIN RESULTS AND OUTCOMES OF THE PROJECT

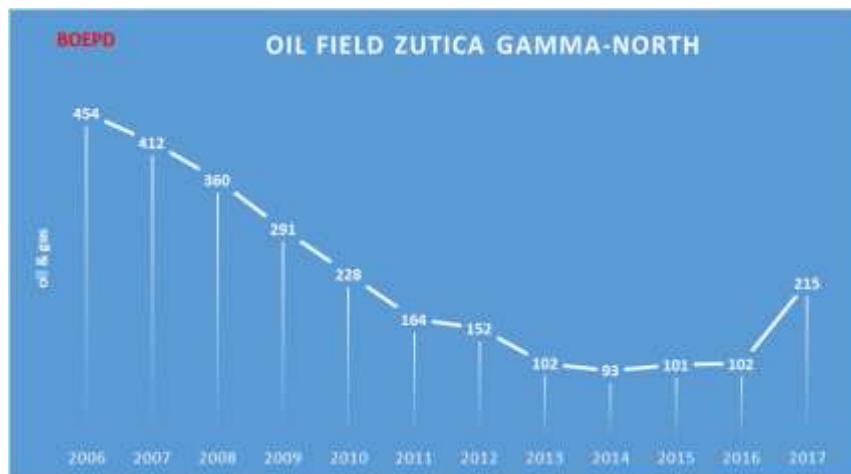
Between 2014-2016 about 323 million m<sup>3</sup> of CO<sub>2</sub> was injected in Ivanić oilfield and more than 93 million m<sup>3</sup> of CO<sub>2</sub> was injected in northern part of Žutica oilfields. After 25 months of CO<sub>2</sub> injection into oil reservoirs, oil and gas response was achieved on 60% of production wells on Ivanić oilfield, and oil and gas production increased by 30%. Figure 4. presents the average daily oil and gas on the Ivanić oilfield.

Figure 4. daily oil and gas production on Ivanić oilfield



Oil and gas response was achieved on 30% of production wells of Žutica North oilfield after 9 months of CO<sub>2</sub> injection. As a result, oil and gas production was increased by more than 100% (Figure 5.).

Figure 5. daily oil and gas production on Žutica North oilfield



### 4) FURTHER STEPS

The plan is to continue CO<sub>2</sub> injection as part of the first WAG cycles on a fraction of the Ivanić oilfield and on Žutica North until Q4 in 2017. After that CO<sub>2</sub> will be injected into oil reservoirs on the southern part of Žutica oilfields. On the Southern part of the Žutica oilfields, well-relining was completed on 16 CO<sub>2</sub> injection wells, and after finalization of surface facilities and technical inspection, the plan is to start CO<sub>2</sub> injection in 2018.

Process results monitoring of Ivanić and Žutica oilfields is performed on a daily basis.